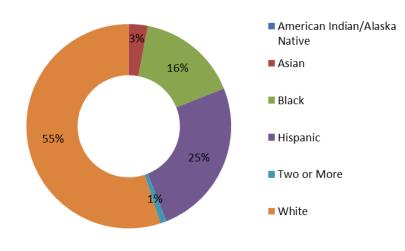
# General Population (2014)<sup>1</sup>



#### **Fast Facts**

Florida is expected to become a majority-minority state in 2028.<sup>2</sup>

38% of working families are low income.3

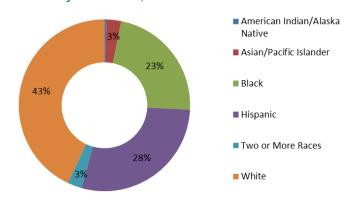
47% of minority working families are low income.3

40% of low-income working families are headed by a woman.<sup>4</sup>

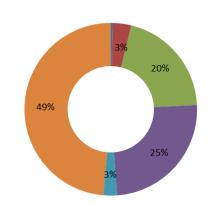
Median Hourly Wages <sup>5</sup>	Male	Female
White	\$21	\$18
Black	\$15	\$14
Latino	\$15	\$14
Asian	\$20	\$16
Native American	\$17	\$15

# **General Student Population**





## 4-Year Postsecondary Enrollment, Fall 2013<sup>7</sup>



### Career and Technical Education

Secondary CTE is delivered through comprehensive high schools, area vocational-technical centers, and University Developmental Research Schools. Postsecondary CTE is delivered through area vocational-technical centers, postsecondary technical centers, community colleges, and public and private universities and colleges.<sup>8</sup>

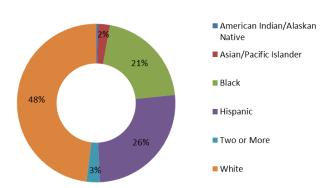
#### **State CTE Contact**

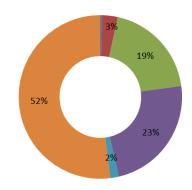
Jane Silveria, State Supervisor, Florida Dept. of Education, 325 W. Gaines St., Rm. 701, Tallahassee, FL 32399, (850) 245-9022, Jane.Silveria@fldoe.org

In FY 2014, 53% of secondary and 60% of postsecondary students enrolled in CTE were economically disadvantaged.<sup>9</sup>

#### Secondary CTE Enrollment, FY 20149

### Postsecondary CTE Enrollment, FY 20149

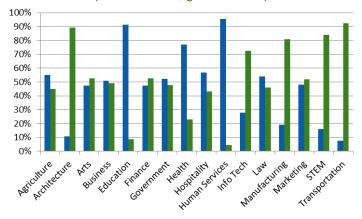




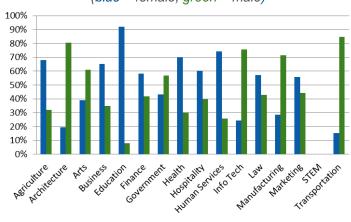
#### Career Clusters

Seven of the 16 career clusters in CTE lead to many high-skill, high-wage, and high-demand STEM related careers. These include: Agriculture, Architecture, Health, Information Technology, Manufacturing, STEM, and Transportation, Distribution, and Logistics. These career clusters contain programs that prepare students for nontraditional careers.

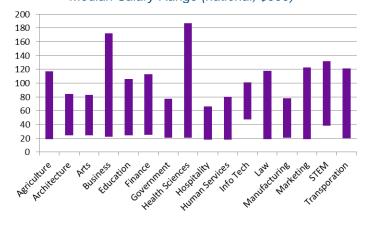
Secondary Enrollment, FY 2014<sup>9</sup> (blue = female, green = male)



Postsecondary Enrollment, FY 2014<sup>9</sup> (blue = female, green = male)



Median Salary Range (national, \$000)<sup>10</sup>



Fact Sheet Sources

- http://www.census.gov/quickfacts/table/RHI225214/01
- <sup>2</sup> https://cdn.americanprogress.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/02/SOC-report1.pdf
- <sup>3</sup> http://www.workingpoorfamilies.org/indicators/
- <sup>4</sup> http://www.workingpoorfamilies.org/wp-content/uploads/2014/02/WPFP\_Low-Income-Working-Mothers-Report\_021214.pdf
- <sup>5</sup> http://nationalequityatlas.org/data-summaries
- <sup>6</sup> http://nces.ed.gov/ccd/elsi/tableGenerator.aspx
- http://nces.ed.gov/programs/digest/d14/tables/dt14\_306.60.asp
- 8 https://www.acteonline.org/stateprofiles/
- <sup>9</sup> https://perkins.ed.gov/pims/DataExplorer (race not available for clusters)
- http://www.bls.gov/careeroutlook/2015/article/career-clusters.htm