

WHAT YOU DON'T KNOW ABOUT THE FEDERAL POLICY PIPELINE MIGHT HURT YOU

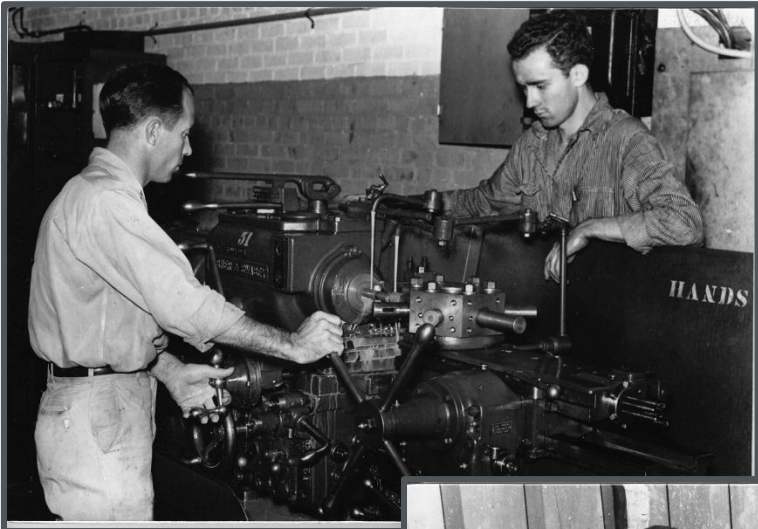
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NAPE

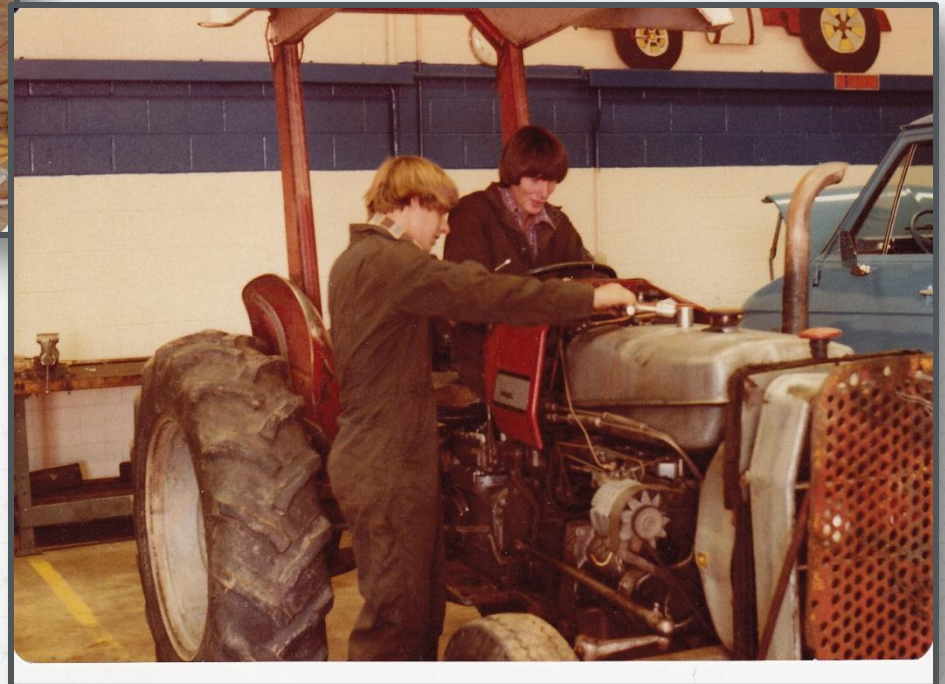
National Alliance for
Partnerships in Equity

Looking back...





Looking back...





Looking back...



CTE and Workforce Legislation: A Brief History



Key: Workforce / Civil Rights / Associations

1862: Morrell Act

1917: Smith-Hughes Act

1926: AVA founded
(now ACTE)

1936: George-Deen Act

1958: National Defense Education Act

1962-73
Manpower Development and Training Act

1963: Vocational Equity Act of 1963

1964: Title VI passed (race)

1968: Vocational Education Act of 1968 (amended)

Key: Workforce / Civil Rights / Associations

1972: Vocational
Education Act of
1972 (amended)

1972: Title IX
passed (sex)

1973-82:
Comprehensive
Employment and
Training Act of 1972

1973: Section 504
of the Rehabilitation
Act of 1973

1977: Adams v.
Califano

1977: NAACP sues
DoH Education for
failure to enforce
Title VI

1978: Vocational
Education Act of
1976 (amended)

1979: Vocational
agencies house the
MOA

CTE and Workforce Legislation: A Brief History



Key: Workforce / Civil Rights / Associations

1979: USDoE Sex
Training at Coolfont, WV

1980: VEEC now CTEEC.
Fern Bowling, first
president.

1982-1998: Job
Partnership Training Act

1984: Carl D. Perkins
Vocational Education Act

1990: NAPE established

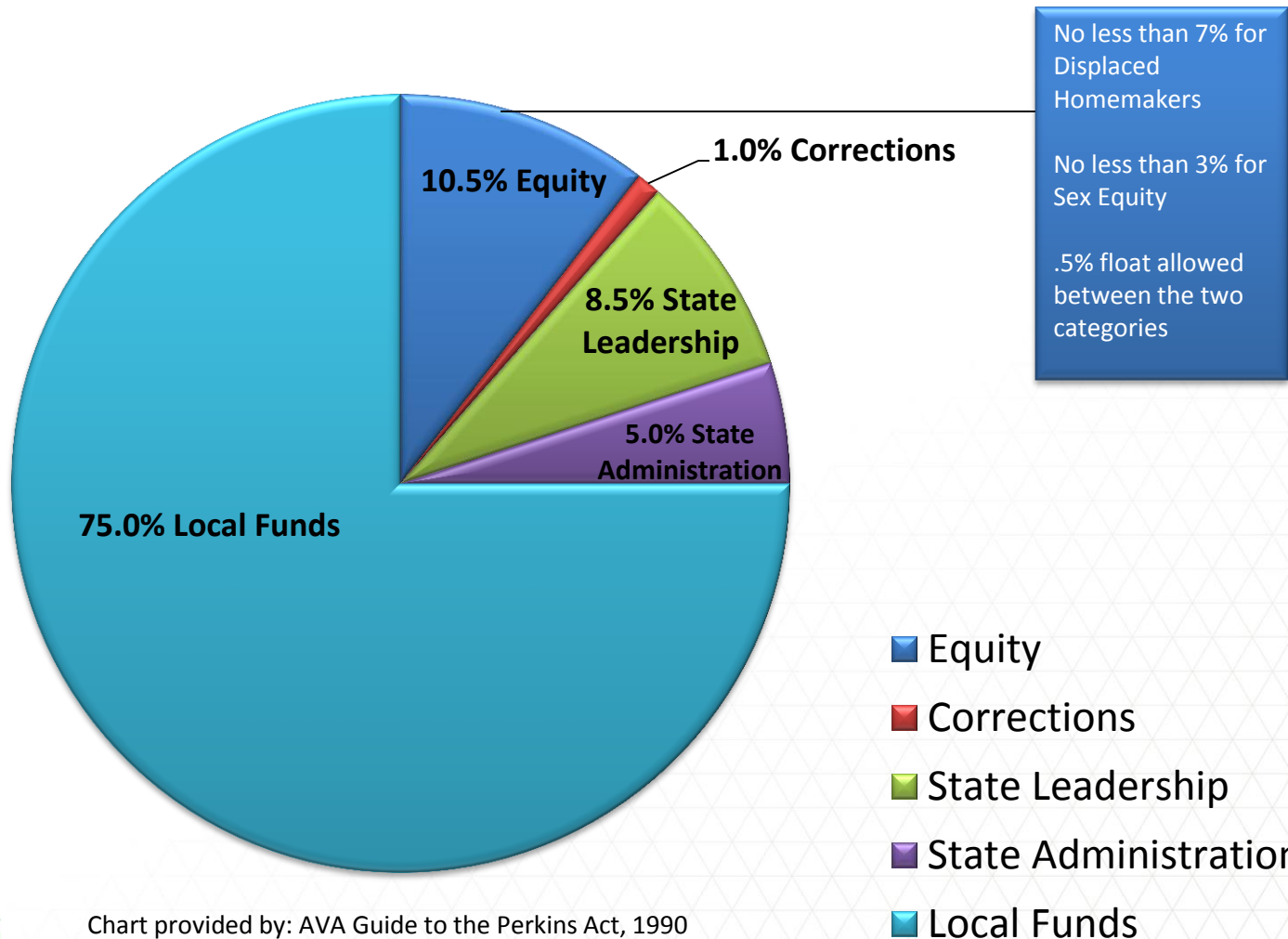
1990: Carl D. Perkins
Vocational and Applied
Technology Education
(Perkins II)

1998: Carl D. Perkins
Vocational and Technical
Education Act (Perkins
III)

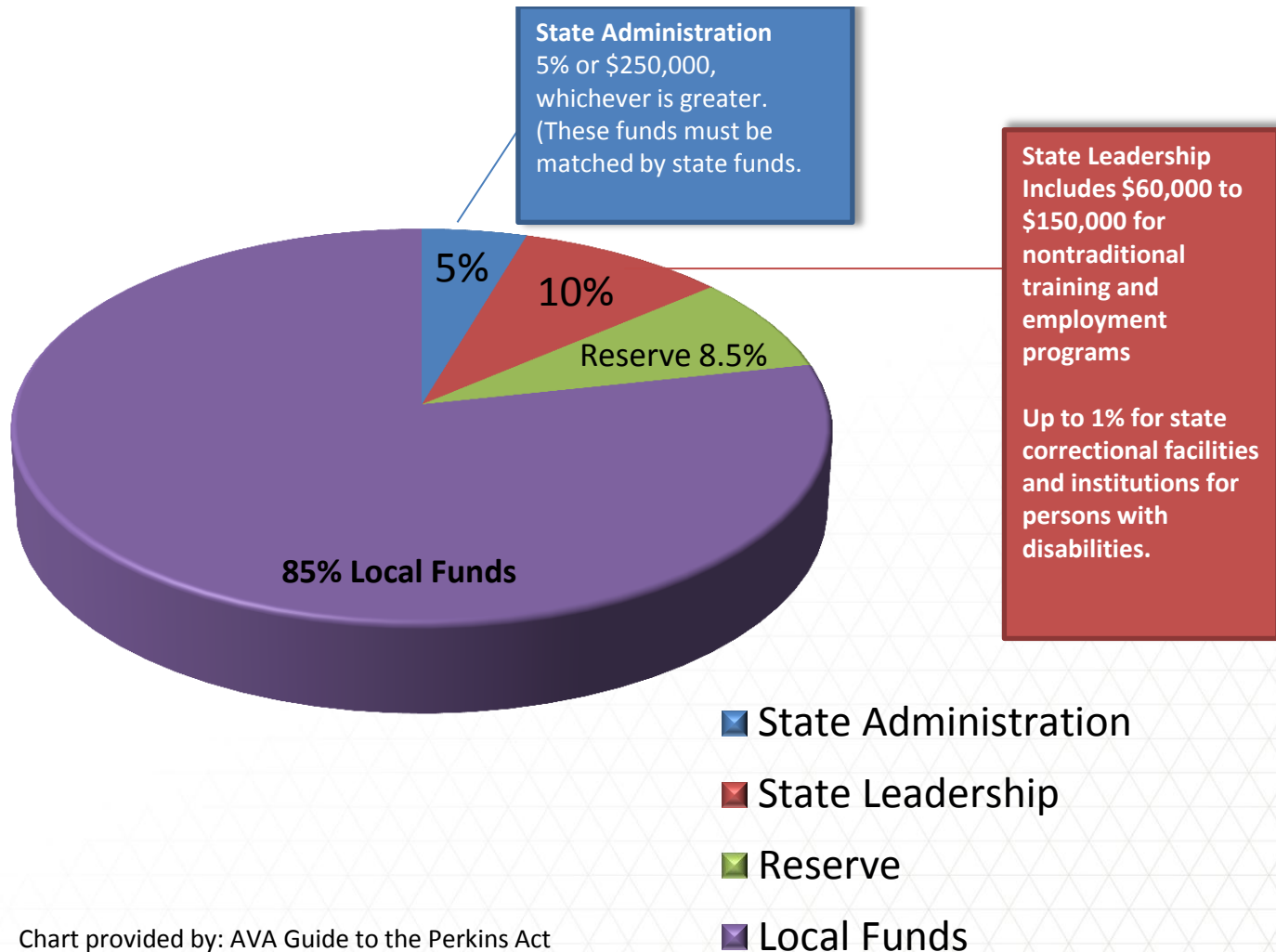
1998-present: WIA
Initiated, “one-stop
career centers” focused
on “Work First”

2006: Carl D. Perkins
Career Technical
Education Act (Perkins
IV)

Basic State Grant by Percentage of Allocations



1998 Perkins Act State Allocations



2006 Perkins Act Within-State Allocation

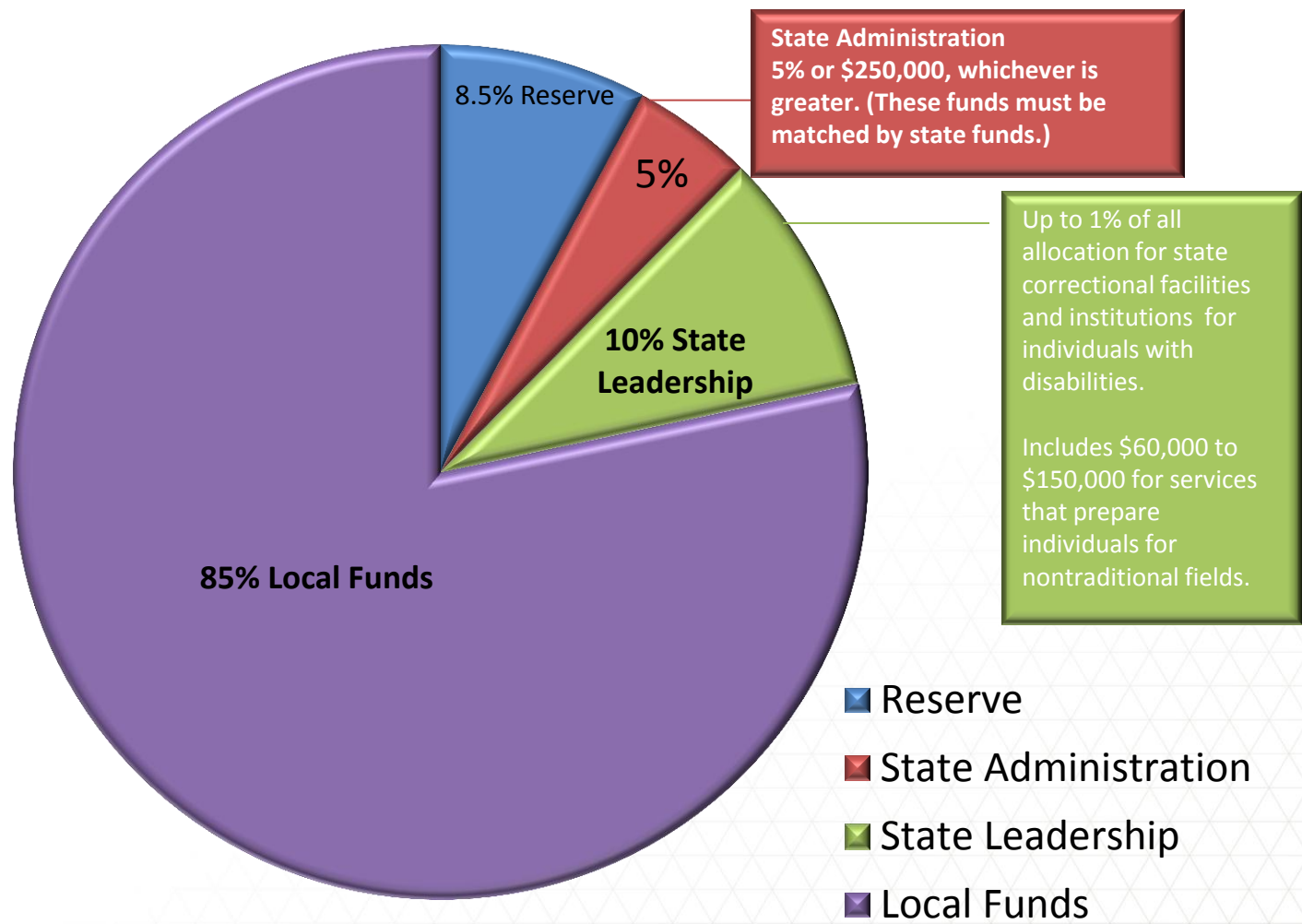


Chart provided by: AVA Guide to the Perkins Act

Perkins Act Appropriations for Fiscal Year 1999 If the Sex Equity Reserves Were Preserved

(\$ in Millions)

Programs	FY 98
Voc Ed Basic Grants	\$1,027.5
Pretend that the Sex Equity reserves were preserved in the 1998 Carl Perkins Reauthorization...see below:	
Total Equity Reserve (10.5%)	107.89
No less than 7% for Displaced Homemakers, Single Parent, & Single Pregnant Teens	71.3
No less the 3% for Sex Equity	5.14
Reality...see below:	
Nontraditional training and employment program per state	\$60,000 to \$150,000
Each eligible agency shall identify in the State plan core indicators of performance that include, at a minimum, measures of each of the following...Student participation in and completion of vocational and technical education programs that lead to nontraditional training and employment.	



A North Dakota History in Gender Equity



FEDERAL

1980-82: CETA: 47 Demonstration Projects for Displaced Homemakers / 2 ND locations: Bismarck & Fargo

1998: Perkins Act of 1998, Beginning of end of stand-alone programs for SP/DH; 60K set-aside. The “Special Populations Era” born.

2006: Perkins Act of 2006; \$60K in nontrad mini-grants on-going

STATE

1981: Marriage Dissolution Act created, \$50 fee on divorce to support services funds to CTE state budget for DH

An Era of Confusion ensues; Locals discontinue SP/DH programs; Equity coordinator role reduced to PT

2013: ND legislature adds funds to STEMII (STEM Infusion Initiative), intersection of nontrad and STEM



Thank You!

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